Programme Course Title	: M.Sc Physics : CLASSICAL, STATISTICAL AND RELATIVISTIC MEC	Subject Code: 14PPH1C01 HANICS
Core	:1	
Year	: I	Semester : I
Hours/Week	: 5	Credits : 4

## **Objectives:**

Students to know the momentum of the objects, Applications of the Lagrangian and Hamiltonian in oscillator and pendulum, Rigid body dynamics, Statistical mechanism of gas molecules, Bosons and Fermions, Law of Quantum statistics and Einstein's relations.

## UNIT – I: LAGRANGIAN AND HAMILTONIAN FORMULATIONS

Generalized Coordinates – Mechanics of a Particle and System of Particles (Momentum and Energy) D'Alemberts Principle – Lagrange's Equations – Applications (Linear Harmonic Oscillator, Simple pendulum, Isotropic oscillator and Electric circuit) – Hamilton's Equations – Applications (Simple Pendulum, Compound Pendulum and 2D Harmonic Oscillator) – Deduction of Hamilton's Principle – Hamilton's Variational Principle – Principle of Least Action.

# **UNIT - II: CANONICAL TRANSFORMATIONS**

Equation of Canonical Transformations – Infinitesimal Contact Transformations – Lagrange and Poisson Brackets as Canonical Invariants – Equations of Motion in Poisson Bracket form – Jacobi's Identity – Relation between Lagrange and Poisson Brackets – Action Angle Variables – Euler's Angles – Angular Velocity of a Rigid Body – Euler's Equation of Motion.

# **UNIT – III: CLASSICAL STATISTICS**

Basic Elements of Statistical Mechanics – Concept of Ensemble – Gibb's Canonical Ensemble – Grand Canonical Ensemble – Phase Space Entropy – Partition Function – Thermo dynamical Potentials – Internal Energy – Helmholtz Function – Gibb's Function – Free Energy – Maxwell Boltzmann Distribution – Evaluations of Multipliers of Alpha and Beta – Doppler Broadening – Applications of MB Distribution Law - Total Internal Energy and Specific heat at Constant Volume of an Ideal Gas – MB Speed Distribution Law – Most Probable, Average and Root Mean Square Speeds – Entropy of an Ideal Gas.

# **UNIT – IV: QUANTUM STATISTICS**

Bose Einstein Distribution – Determination of  $e^{\alpha}$  – Planck's Law of Radiation – Rayleigh – Jeans Law – Wien's Displacement Law – BE Condensation - Fermi Dirac Distribution – Fermi Energy – Fermi Temperature – Fermi Velocity – Mean K.E. – Thermionic Emission – Pauli's Spin Paramagnetism – Comparison of MB, BE and FD Statistics.

# UNIT – V: RELATIVISTIC MECHANICS

Einstein's Mass Energy Relation – Relation between Momentum and Energy – Four Vectors – Four Velocity – Energy – Momentum Four Vectors – Four Force – Relativistic Classification of Particles – Relativistic Lagrangian, Hamiltonian function – Relativistic Lagrangian and Hamiltonian of a Charged Particle in an E.M. field.

## **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Author : Gupta and Satyaprakash Book Name: Classical Mechanics Publication: Kedar Nath Ramnath Year:1974- 1975 Edition:2<sup>nd</sup> UNIT:I,II&III 2. Author : Miss Kamal Singh & S. P. Singh Book Name: Elements of Statistical Mechanics Publication: S.Chand & Company Year: 1988 Edition: 2nd edition UNIT:IV&V

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- Author : H. Goldstein, Addison Book Name: Classical Mechanics Publication: Wesley Publishers Year: 1982 : Edition: 2<sup>nd</sup>
- **3.** Author : Satyaprakash, Book Name: Relativistic Mechanics Publication: Pragati Prakasam, Year: 1974- 76 Edition: 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- Author : A. J. Poyinton Book Name: Introduction To Statistical Physics Publication: Longmans, green & Co Ltd, London Year: 1967 : Edition: 1<sup>st</sup>
- 4. Author : Brijal and Subramanyam Book Name: Thermal and Statistical Physics Publication: S. Chand & company Year:1989 Edition:1<sup>st</sup>

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsSubject Code: 14PPH1C02Course Title: ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY AND ELECTRODYNAMICSCORE: 2Year: IHours/Week: 5Complexed: 5

## **Objectives:**

This necessitates learning about the theory of electromagnetic field, propagation and its interaction with matter. Also, gain knowledge in relativistic electrodynamics through tensors.

# **UNIT – I : ELECTROSTATICS AND MAGNETOSTATICS**

Dielectrics and its Polarization – External Field of a Dielectric Medium – Electric Field inside a Dielectric – Dielectric Constant and Displacement Vector – Relation Between D, P and E – Polarization of Non-Polar Molecules (Clausius-Mossotti Relation) – Polarization of Polar Molecules.

Ampere's Law of Force – Biot-Savart Law - Ampere's Circuital Law – Magnetic Scalar Potential – Magnetic Vector Potential – Magnetisation and Magnetisation Current – Magnetic Intensity – Magnetic Susceptibility and Permeability.

## UNIT - II: FIELD EQUATION AND CONSERVATION LAW

Equation of Continuity – Displacement Current – Maxwell's Equations – Derivations and Physical Significance – Energy in Electromagnetic Fields (Poynting's Theorem) – Poynting Vector – Electromagnetic Potentials – Concept of Guage – Lorentz Guage.

#### UNIT - III: PROPAGATION OF ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES AND RADIATING SYSTEMS

Propagation of Electromagnetic Waves in Free Space – Isotropic Dielectrics – Anisotropic Dielectric – Conducting Media – Ionized Gases.

Oscillating Electric Dipole - Radiation from an Oscillating Dipole - Vector Potential – Scalar Potential – Magnetic Induction – Electric Intensity.

# UNIT - IV: INTERACTION OF EMW WITH MATTER ON MACROSCOPIC SCALE

Scattering and Scattering Parameters – Scattering by a Free Electron (Thomson Scattering) – Scattering by a Bound Electron (Rayleigh Scattering) – Dispersion - Normal and Anomalous – Dispersion in Gases (Lorentz Theory) – Dispersion in Liquids and Solids.

# UNIT – V: RELATIVISTIC ELECTRODYNAMICS

Four Vectors and Tensors – Transformation Equation for Charge - Current Densities – Electromagnetic Potentials – Electromagnetic Field Tensor – Transformation Equations for Electric Field Vectors – Covariance of Maxwell Equations - Four Vector – Four Tensor.

<b>BOOKS FOR STUDY:</b> 1. Electromagnetic Theory	Dr. K. K. Chopra and G. C. Agarwal,
BOOK FOR REFERENCE:	K. Nath & Co (Sixth Edition)
1. Electromagnetic Field and	Paul Lorrain and Dale R. Corson, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition,
Waves	CBS Publications

Programme	: M.Sc Physics	Subject Code: 14PPH1C03
Course Title	: ELECTRONICS	
CORE	: 3	
Year	: I	Semester : I
Hours/Week	: 5	Credits : 4

#### **Objectives:**

Students know the basic functions of FET, MOSFET, characteristics of Amplifiers, understand the Negative Resistance, Applications of Transistors, IC fabrications, Fundamentals of digital electronics.

## **UNIT - I : FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR (FET)**

FET – JFET – V-I characteristics – Biasing - FET as Voltage Variable Resistor – Small signal model of FET -Common source Amplifier and Common Drain Amplifier at low and high Frequencies – FET Differential Amplifier – MOSFET Depletion – Enhancement MOSFETs – Characteristics – Logic gates using MOSFETs – Complementary MOSFET.

### **UNIT - II : NEGATIVE RESISTANCE AND DEVICES**

UJT and its characteristics – UJT Relaxation Oscillator – UJT Applications – Tunnel Diode Characteristics and applications – Gunn Diode Mechanism, Characteristics and Applications – PNPN Diode – SCR – Characteristics and Applications – Silicon Controlled Switch (SCS) – IMPATT- TRAPATT- Diodes and applications.

## UNIT - III : IC - FABRICATION TECHNOLOGY

Monolithic IC process – Refining and growth of silicon crystals- Silicon wafer preparation-Diffusion of dopant impurity systems-Ion implantation –Thermal oxidation –Photolithography-Fine line lithography-Plasma etching Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) –Silicon insulators -Metallization – Monolithic components-Resistors-Capacitors – Diodes –Transistor.

#### **UNIT - IV: OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER**

Characteristics of Ideal and Practical OP AMP – Analysis of 741 – Parameters of OP AMP – Theory of Inverting Amplifier – Virtual Ground – Theory of Non Inverting Amplifier –Solutions of Simultaneous Equations – Solutions of Differential Equations - Sinusoidal oscillators – Phase shift oscillator – Wien Bridge Oscillator-Multi vibrator- Schmitt Trigger- Square wave and Triangular wave generators.

# UNIT- V: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS FUNDAMENTALS

Number Systems- Binary codes – 8421 Code-Excess 3 code – Grey code- ASCII code – Logic circuits - Sum of Product and Product of Sum - Boolean Algebra-De Morgan's Theorems – Arithmetic Circuits (Half and Full adder – Half and Full subtractor)– Simplification using Karnaugh's Map (2,3 and 4 variables).

#### **TEXT BOOK:**

1.	Author : Millman and Halkias, Book Name: Integrated Circuits Publication: Tata McGraw Hill Year: 1991 Edition:8 <sup>th</sup>	Book applic Publi	or : Malvino and Leech Name: Digital principles and cations cation: Tata McGraw Hill, 1981, Edition: 4 <sup>th</sup>
	BOOK	UNIT	CHAPTER
	1 1 1 1	I II III IV	10 3 7 16
	2	V	1 & 7

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

 Author : S.M. Szee Book Name: Physics of Semiconductor devices Publication: John Wiley & Sons limited, Year: 2007,Edition:2<sup>nd</sup>

Programme : M.Sc Physics Subject Code: 14PPH1EL1 Course Title : SIMULATION IN PHYSICS C++ PROGRAMMING Elective :1 Year : I Semester : I Hours/Week : 5 Credits ·4

## **Objectives:**

Know about the techniques and applications of C++ Programming and to solve the Physics problems using simulation techniques.

## UNIT - I : BEGINNING WITH C ++

Software Crises - Basic Concepts of OOP - Object Oriented Languages - Applications of OOP - Structure of C++ Programme - Tokens, Expressions and Control structures - Basic data types - Symbolic Constants -Operators in C++ - Manipulators - Type Casting - Expressions and their Types - Control structures - Functions in C++ - Function Prototyping - Call by reference - Return by Reference - Inline Functions - Default Arguments - Constant Arguments.

## **UNIT - II : CLASSES AND OBJECTS**

Specifying a Class - Defining Member Functions - Static Data Members - Static Member Functions - Arrays of Objects - Objects as Function Arguments - Friend Functions - Returning Objects - Constant Member Functions -Pointers to Members - Constructors and Destructors - Constructors - Parameterized Constructors - Copy Constructor - Dynamic Constructor - Constant Objects - Destructors.

## **UNIT - III : POLYMORPHISM**

Operator Overloading - Function Overloading - Overloading Unary and Binary Operators - Pointer - Static and dynamic Binding - Virtual Functions - Inheritance - Single Inheritance - Multiple Inheritance - Hierarchical Inheritance - Multilevel Inheritance - Hybrid Inheritance.

## **UNIT - IV : WORKING WITH FILES**

Classes for File Stream Operations - Opening and Closing a File - Text File Operations - Binary File Operations - Error Handling during File Operations – Templates - Function Templates - Class Templates - Member Function Templates - Exception Handling - Basics - Mechanism.

### UNIT - V : SIMULATION IN PHYSICS

Moment of inertia - Circular disc, Solid sphere, Spherical sphere and Solid cylinder - Temperature conversion -F to C and C to F - Determination of energy density - Plank's law of radiation - Resolving and Dispersive powers of grating - Solar spectrum - Determination of photon energy - SCR power control - Determination of power output - OR, AND, NOT, NOR and NAND gates - Radius, orbital wavelength and energy levels of atoms – Bohr's model - Lyman, Balmer, Paschen, Brackett and Pfund series - Wave number - Determination of the diameter of molecules - Molecular weight of compounds.

#### **TEXT BOOK:1**

Author : E. Balagurusamy Book Name: Object - Oriented Programming with C++ Publication: Tata Mc- Graw Hill Publishing Ltd, Year: 2001 : Edition:2<sup>nd</sup> UNIT:I- IV

## **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- 1. Author : Herbert Schildt Book Name: C++: The Complete Reference Publication: McGraw-Hill Year: 1998 : Edition: Third
- 2. Author : Bjarne Stroutstrup Book Name: The C++ Programming Language Publications, Addison Wesley Edition: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Programme Course Title	: M.Sc Physics : MATHEMATICAL PHYSICS	Subject Code: 14PPH2C04
Core	: 4	
Year	: I	Semester : II
Hours/Week	: 5	Credits : 4

## **Objectives:**

Mathematics is one of the effective languages to express the concepts of Physics. Convolution theorem and slit function in Modern Optics, differential equations in Quantum Mechanics, Group theory in Solid state and Molecular Physics, Complex variable in Quantum Mechanics and Solid state Physics and Tensors in crystallography and Molecular Physics, Beta and Gamma functions in Statistical Mechanics play a vital role. Based on these facts, this particular paper has been introduced.

## **UNIT – I: DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS**

Bessel's differential equation - Recurrence formulae for  $J_n(x)$  - Generating function for  $J_n(x)$  - Hermite differential equation - Hermite's polynomials - Generating function of Hermite polynomials - Recurrence formulae for Hermite polynomials - Rodrigue's formula - Orthogonality Theorem.

## UNIT – II: FOURIER INTEGRALS AND TRANSFORMS

Fourier Integrals - Fourier Integral - Even and odd functions - Complex form of Fourier integral - Examples - Inverse Laplace theorem - Fourier's Transform - Infinite Fourier sine and cosine transforms - Properties of Fourier Transform - Examples.

## UNIT – III: COMPLEX VARIABLES

Analytic function - Cauchy Riemann differential equations - CR equations in polar form - Laplace's equation - Examples - Cauchy's integral theorem - Cauchy's integral formula - Taylor's series - Laurent's Series - Singularities of an analysis function - Residues and their evaluation - Cauchy residue theorem - Evaluation of definite integrals (Trigonometric functions of  $\cos \theta$  and  $\sin \theta$  only).

#### **UNIT - IV: TENSORS AND BETA GAMMA FUNCTIONS**

Scalars - Contravariant and covariant vectors - Tensors of higher rank - Algebric operation of tensors - Mixed tensor - Symmetric and anti symmetric tensors- Quotient law - Beta and Gamma functions - Definitions - Symmetry property of Beta function - Other forms of Beta function - Evaluation of Gamma function - Other forms of Gamma function - Relation between Beta and Gamma functions – Examples.

# UNIT – V: GROUP THEORY

Concept of a group - Abelian group - Generators of finite group - Cyclic groups - Group Multiplication table -Rearrangement theorem - Sub groups - Lagrange's theorem for finite group - Conjugate elements and classes -Group of symmetry of an equilateral triangle - Group of symmetry of square - Representation of a group -Reducible and irreducible representation - Schur's lemmas – The Great Orthogonality theorem.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

Author : Satya Prakash Book Name: Mathematical Physics with Classical mechanics Publication: Sultan Chand & sons Year: Reprint 2007 Edition:2<sup>nd</sup> UNIT:I- V

REFERENCE BOOK: Author : B.D.Gupta, Book Name: Mathematical Physics Publication: Vikas Publishing house P. ltd. Year: Reprint, 1997 Edition: 2nd

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: MODERN OPTICSCore: 5Year: IHours/Week: 5

Subject Code: 14PPH2C05

Semester : II Credits : 4

# **Objectives:**

To study the propagation of light through analytical treatment, the concepts of coherence, multiple interference, theory of laser, laser rate equations, basics of nonlinear optics and its phenomenon. Also, it provides concepts of fiber optics and fiber optic communication.

# **UNIT - I : PROPAGATION AND NATURE OF LIGHT**

Phase velocity – Group velocity – Doppler effect – Energy flow – Liner polarization – Matrix representation of polarization (Jones calculus) – Reflection and refraction at a plane boundary – Amplitudes of reflected and refracted waves – Brewster angle – Phase changes in total internal reflection.

# **UNIT - II : COHERENCE AND INTERFERENCE**

Theory of partial coherent light - Visibility of fringes - Coherent time and Coherent length - Spatial coherence - Fourier Transform spectroscopy - Interference with Multiple beam - Theory of multilayer films.

# **UNIT - III : LASER OPTICS**

Laser rate equations – Three level system – Four level system – Population inversion – Optical resonators – Ruby laser – Helium-Neon Laser – Carbon dioxide laser – Four Level Solid Laser – Semiconductor laser – Holography- Theory of holography – Applications in Communication and Medicine.

# **UNIT - IV : NON LINEAR OPTICS**

Nonlinear response – Nonlinear phenomenon and harmonic generation – Phase matching – Susceptibility Tensors – Parametric amplifications – Monley – Row relations – Self focusing – Theory of self focusing – Theory of laser Raman spectroscopy.

# **UNIT - V : FIBER OPTICS**

Basic optical laws and definitions – Optical fiber modes and configuration – Step index and Graded index fiber structure – Fiber materials – Fiber fabrication – Mechanical properties of Fibers – Fiber optic communication – Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM) – Local Area Network (LAN) – Optical fiber Bus – Nonlinear optical Effects.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- Author : Grant R.Fowles Book Name: Introduction to Modern Optics Publication: Halt,Rineharand Winston, Inc Year: Reprint 2007 : Edition:2<sup>nd</sup>
- 3. Author : G.D. Barugh

Book Name: Essentials of Laser and Nonlinear optics

Publication: Pragati Prakashan Meerut Year: 2000 Edition:1<sup>ST</sup>

Book	Unit	Chapter
1	Ι	1&2
1	II	4&4
2	III	3
3	IV	8
4	V	2&11

- 2. Author : Thyagarajan and Ghatak Book Name: Lasers theory and applications Publication : Macmillan
- 4. Author : Gerd Keiser Book Name: Optical Fiber communications Publication: Mc GrawHill

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- Author : Born and wolf Book Name: Principles of Optics Publication: Pergman Press Year: Reprint, 1997 Edition: 2<sup>nd</sup>
- 2. Author : Cherin Book Name: Introduction to Optical fibers Publication: Mc Graw Hill Year: Reprint, 1997 Edition: 2<sup>nd</sup>

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: QUANTUM MECHANICS - ICore: 6Year: IHours/Week: 5

Subject Code: 14PPH2C06

Semester : II Credits : 4

### **Objectives:**

To understand the basics of Quantum Mechanics, sub atomic particle mechanism, various operators, wave mechanism associated with the quantum particles, energy, angular momentum and spin of various systems.

# **UNIT - I : GENERAL FORMALISM OF QUANTUM MECHANICS**

Wave packet- Time dependent and Time independent Schrödinger equation –Interpretation of wave function-Probability interpretation- Probability current density-Expectation value - Ehrenfest's theorem-Linear Vector Space –Linear Operator- Eigen function and Eigen values –Hermitian Operator – Postulates of Quantum Mechanics – Simultaneous Measurability of Observables – General Uncertainty Relation – Dirac's Notation.

# **UNIT - II : EQUATION OF MOTION AND HEISENBERG METHOD**

Equation of motion – Schrödinger, Heisenberg and Interaction representation – Heisenberg method – Matrix representation of Wave Function and operator –Properties of Matrix elements –Schrödinger equation in Matrix form – Eigen value problem –Unitary transformations – Linear harmonic oscillator - Matrix method.

## UNIT - III : APPLICATION TO ONE AND THREE DIMENSIONAL PROBLEMS

Square well potential with rigid walls and finite walls – Square potential barrier – Alpha emission – Bloch waves in a periodic potential – Kronig – Penney square well periodic potential – Linear harmonic oscillator - Schrödinger method - Operator method – Delta function- Particle moving in a spherically symmetric potential - System of two interacting particles – Rigid rotator – Hydrogen atom - Hydrogenic orbitals.

#### **UNIT - IV : ANGULAR MOMENTUM**

Angular momentum operators – Angular momentum commutation relations – Eigen values and Eigen functions of  $L^2$  and  $L_z$  – General angular momentum – Eigen values of  $J^2$  and  $J_z$  – Angular momentum matrices – Spin angular momentum – Spin vectors for spin 1/2 system – Addition of angular momenta.

# **UNIT - V : TIME INDEPENDENT PERTURBATION THEORY**

Time independent perturbation theory - Basic concepts – Non degenerate energy levels – Anharmonic oscillator - First order correction – Ground state of helium – Effect of electric field on the ground state of hydrogen – Degenerate energy levels - Ground state theory of deuteron.

# **TEXT BOOK:1**

 Author : G. Aruldhas, Book Name: Quantum Mechanics Publication: Prentice- Hall of India Pvt, Delhi Year: 2004.

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

 Author : P. M. Mathews, T. K. Venkatesan Book Name: A Text Book for Quantum Mechanics Publication: McGraw- Hill Publishers, 2. Author : L. I ShiffBook Name: Quantum MechanicsPublication: McGraw- Hill Publishers New YorkYear: 1955

Programme Course Title	: M.Sc Physics : DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN AND MICROPROCESSOR	Subject Code: 14PPH2C07
Core Year Hours/Week	: 7 : I : 5	Semester : II Credits : 4

## **Objectives:**

To know the internal structure of 555 timer, counters, digital system design, A/D and D/A converters, interfacing of 8085, ICs and its application.

## **UNIT - I : DIGITAL CIRCUITS**

555 Timer internal Structure - 555 Timer as schmitt Trigger - Flip- Flops - NAND Latch - SR, JK, JK Master Slave - Counters - Scale of two to ten counter - Shift Registers - Serial and Parallel - Shift left and Shift right operations - Up Down counters - Multiplexers and Demultiplexers - Decoders and Encoders.

#### **UNIT - II : DIGITAL SYSTEM DESIGN**

D/A Conversion - Binary weighted resistor D/A converter - R- 2R resistive adder D/A converter- Counter type D/A converter successive approximation A/D converter- Dual slope A/D converter- Parallel comparator A/D converter, Sample and hold circuits, Multiplexing displays - Digital frequency counter - Digital Multimeter.

# UNIT - III : MICROPROCESSOR FUNDAMENTALS AND APPLICATIONS

Introduction to microprocessor - 8085 Architecture - Pin configuration - Addressing modes - - Instruction classification - Instruction set - Data transfer instructions - Arithmetic instructions - Logical and branch instructions- Programmable Peripheral interface (8255A) - Programmable interrupt controller (8259) - Seven segment LED display

## **UNIT - IV: ADVANCED MICROPROCESSORS 8086**

Introduction to microprocessor 8086 - Pin functions of 8086 - 8086 Architecture - Address space and data organization - Hardware organization of the memory address space - Memory read and write bus cycle - Input and output instructions - Input/output port interface minimum mode - Input and output maximum mode signals - Interrupt and 8086 response

### UNIT - V: PROGRAMS AND APPLICATIONS OF 8086 MICROPROCESSOR

General program structure – Addition of two 16 bit numbers – multiplication of two 16 bit numbers – Division of a 32 bit number by a 16 bit number - Multibyte addition - Ascending order-bubble start – Display character string - Programmable Interrupt controller(PIC)8259A – Interrupt applications – Stepper motor interface.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- 1. Author : Malvino and Leech Book Name: Digital Principles & Application Publication: McGraw Hill Company
- Author : B. Ram Book Name: Fundamentals of Microprocessors and microcomputers Publication: Dhaputrai Publications New Delhi Year: 2005 : Edition: 6<sup>th</sup>
- Author : A. K.Roy Malvino and K.M.Bhurchandi Book Name: Advanced Microprocessors And Peripherals : Publication: Tata McGraw-Hill Year: 2005 : Edition:16<sup>th</sup> Reprint
- Author : V. Vijayendran Book Name: Introduction to Integrated Electronics Digital and Analog Year:2007 : Edition: 1<sup>st</sup>, Reprint 2007
   Author : S.Gonkar
- Book Name: Microprocessor Architecture, Programmming and applications with the 8085 Publication: Penram International publishing Privt, Ltd. : Year: 1996 : Edition: 5<sup>th</sup>
- Author : V. Vijayendran Book Name: Fundamentals of Microprocessor 8086 Publication: S.Viswanathan Publishers PVT, Ltd. Year:2007

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

Author: Albert Paul Malvino, Book Name: Digital Computer Electronics, Publication: Tata McGraw- Hill, Year: 1992, Edition:18<sup>th</sup> Reprint

Book	Unit	Chapter
2	Ι	8 &11
2	II	13
4	III	
4	IV	
6	V	

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: QUANTUM MECHANICS- IICore: 8Year: IIHours/Week: 5

Subject Code: 14PPH3C08

Semester :III Credits : 4

#### **Objectives:**

To enable the learners to understand various approximate methods and theories available in Quantum mechanics to solve number of sub atomic problems. It also gives idea about quantization of wave fields.

## **UNIT - I : APPROXIMATION METHODS**

Variational principle-Rayleigh-Ritz method – Variation method for exited states – Ground state of helium – Hydrogen molecule ion- Ground state of deuteron – WKB Method – Connection formulas –Validity – Barrier penetration – Alpha Emission – Bound states in a potential well.

#### **UNIT - II : TIME DEPENDENT PERTURBATION THEORY**

Introduction – First order perturbation – Harmonic perturbation – Transitions to continuum states – Absorption and emission of radiation – Einstein's A and B coefficients - Selection rules.

# **UNIT - III : MANY ELECTRON ATOMS**

Indistinguishable particles – Pauli principle – Inclusion of spin – Spin functions for two-electrons – Spin functions for three-electrons – Helium atom – Central field approximation – Thomas-Fermi model of the atom – Hartree equation – Hartree-Fock equation.

# **UNIT - IV : THEORY OF SCATTERING**

Scattering cross- section - Scattering amplitude partial waves - Scattering by a central potential - Partial wave analysis - Significant number of partial waves - Scattering by an attractive square well potential - Breit- Wiger formula - Scattering length - Expression for phase shifts - Integral equation - Born approximation - Scattering by screened coulomb potential - Validity of born approximation - Laboratory and centre of mass coordinate system.

#### **UNIT - V : RELATIVISTIC WAVE EQUATIONS AND QUANTIZATION OF WAVEFIELDS**

Klein-Gordon equation – Interpretation of the Klein-Gordon equation - Dirac's equation for a free particle – Dirac matrices – Covariant form of Dirac equation - Probability density – Plane wave solution – Negative energy states – Spin of the Dirac particle – Radial equation for an electron in a central potential – Hydrogen atom – Lamb shift – Coordinates of the field – Quantum equation for the field – Creation, destriction and number operators – Quantized field energy.

### **TEXT BOOK:**

<ol> <li>Author : G. Aruldhas, Book Name: Quantum Mecha Publication: Prentice- Hall of I Limited, New Delhi Year: 2004</li> </ol>		2. Author : LEONARUN,I.SCHIFF Book Name: Quantum Mechanics Publication: MacGraw-Hill International edition Year: 1988, Edition:3 <sup>rd</sup>
Book	Unit	Chapter
1	Ι	
1	II	12
1	III	13
1	IV	14
1&2	V	15(1)&14(2)

#### **REFERENCE BOOK:1**

1. Author : P. M. Mathews, T. K. Venkatesan Book Name : A text book for Quantum Mechanics Publication: McGraw- Hill Publishers, New Delhi

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: SOLID STATE PHYSICSCore: 9Year: IIHours/Week: 5

Subject Code: 14PPH3C09

Semester : III Credits : 4

## **Objectives:**

The necessity of this paper is to provide an in-depth foundation in solid State Physics especially in crystallography, X-ray diffraction, phonons, magnetic and dielectric property of the solids.

## UNIT - I : ELEMENTS OF X - RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY AND DEFECTS IN SOLIDS

Miller Indices - Point groups - Space group - Reciprocal lattice - Bragg's law interpretation - Structure factor - fcc and bcc structures - Electron density distribution experimental techniques for crystal structure studies (Powder, Laue and Rotation crystal method) - Electron and neutron diffraction methods - Point defects - Colour centres - Line defects - Edge dislocation - Screw dislocation - Dislocation motion.

## UNIT - II : LATTICE VIBRATION AND THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY

Phonons in solids - One dimensional atomic chain - (Mono atomic and diatomic) - Momentum of phonons-Optical properties in the infrared - Inelastic scattering of neutrons by phonons - Local phonon model- Umklapp and normal process - Theory of specific heat (Classical, Einstein and Debye Model) - Thermal expansion and thermal conductivity - Boltzmann transport equation.

#### **UNIT - III : ELASTIC AND OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF SOLIDS**

Elastic stress components - Analysis of elastic strains - Elastic energy density - Elastic stiffness constants of cubic crystals - Elastic waves in cubic crystals - Experimental determination of elastic constants for cubic crystals - Photo conductivity - Excitation across a gap - Simple model of photo conductor trapping capture - Recombination - Excitons - Luminescence - Activators - Absorption spectra - Emission spectra

## UNIT- IV: MAGNETIC PROPPERTIES

Magnetic permeability - Theory of diamagnetism - Langevin's theory of para magnetism - Weiss theory - Paramagnetic susceptibility of a solid - Calculation of susceptibility - Quantum theory of para magnetism - Determination of susceptibility- Para and diamagnetic materials - Ferromagnetism - Spontaneous magnetism in ferromagnetism - Curie-Weiss law - Ferromagnetic domains - Domain theory- Antiferromagnetism - Structure of ferrites.

#### **UNIT- V : DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES**

Microscopic concepts of polarization - Langevin's theory of polarization in polar dielectrics - Local field in liquids and solids - Evaluation of local fields for cubic structure- Computation of  $E_n$ - Clausius-Mossotti Relation - Lorentz formula - Ferroelectricity - Dipole theory of ferroelectricity - Classification of ferroelectric materials - Anti ferro electricity - Piezoelectricity - Complex dielectric constant and dielectric loss - Effects of dielectrics.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Author: B.S.Saxena, R.C.Gupta & P.N.S	Saxena 2	. Author : S. O Pillai
Book Name: Fundamentals of Solid state	e Physics	Book Name: Solid State Physics
Publication: Pragathi Prakashan		Publication : New age international
Year: 2003, Edition: 13 <sup>th</sup>		Year: 1997. Edition: 4 <sup>th</sup>
BOOK	UNIT	CHAPTER
1	I, II, III	1,2,4,5
2	IV,V	9,11

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Author : S. L. Gupta Book Name: Solid state Physics Publication: Nath &Co,Meerut Year: 1983- 84 Edition: 4<sup>th</sup>

# SRI RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYALAYA COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS) COIMBATORE - 641 020

For candidates admitted from academic year 2016 - 17 onwards Under New CBCS

Programme : M.Sc Physics : SIMULATION IN PHYSICS- MATLAB PROGRAMMING Course Title Elective :2 Year : II Hours/Week : 5 Credits

# **Objectives:**

To enable the students, to know about the Introduction of Mat lab functions, branching statements, Program design, user defined functions, Input/output functions and Advanced Features of Mat lab Programs and how they may applied for our day to day life.

# **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION TO MATLAB**

What is MATLAB? - Does MATLAB do symbolic calculations? - Will MATLAB run on my computer? -Basics of MATLAB - MATLAB windows - On-line help - Input - Output - File types - Platform dependence -Minimum MATLAB session - Creating and working with arrays of numbers - Creating and printing simple plots - Creating, saving and executing a script file - Creating and executing a function file - Directional exploration - Working with arrays and matrices - Working with anonymous function - Symbolic computation -Working with files and directories - Publishing reports.

# **UNIT- II : INTERACTIVE COMPUTATION**

Matrices and vectors - Input - Indexing - Matrix manipulation - Creating vectors - Matrix array operations -Arithmetic operations - Relational operations - Logical operations - Elementary math function - Matrix function - Character strings - Manipulating character strings - Eval function - Array operations - Command line functions - Inline function - Anonymous function - Saving and loading data - Plotting simple graphs.

# **UNIT - III : PROGRAMMING ON MATLAB**

Scripts and functions - Script files - Function files - Executing a function - More on function - Sub functions -Nested functions - Language specific features - Use on comments to create online help - Continuation - Global variables - Loops branches and control flow - Interactive input - Recursion - Input / Output.

# **UNIT - IV: APPLICATIONS**

Linear algebra - Solving a linear system - Gaussian elimination - Eigen values and Eigen vectors - Matrix factorization - Curve fitting and interpolation - Polynomial curve fitting on the fly - Least squares curve fitting -General nonlinear fit - Interpolation - Numerical integration- Double integration - Ordinary differential equation.

# **UNIT - V: GRAPHICS**

Basic 2D plots - Style options - Labels, title, legend and other text objects - Axis control, zoom in and zoom out - Modifying plots with the plot editor - Overlay plots - Specialized 2D plots - Using subplot for multiple graphics - 3D plots - View - Rotate view - Mesh and surface plots - Vector field and volumetric plots -Interpolated surface plots- Saving and printing graphs.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Author : Rudra Pratap Book Name: Getting started with MATLAB - A quick introduction for Scientists and Engineers Publication: Oxford University Press Year:2005

UNIT	CHAPTER
Ι	1&2
II	3
III	4
IV	5
V	6

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

1. Author : Stephen J. Chapman , Thomson, Book Name: MATLAB Programming For Engineers, Publication : Learning publishing company, Year: 2004. Edition:3rd Subject Code: 14PPH3EL2

Semester :III :4

## **Objectives:**

The aim of this paper is to make students understand the theory of semiconductors, superconductors and also to know about the basics of nanotechnology, synthesis of nano material and nano device fabrication.

## **UNIT - 1: BAND THEORY OF SOLIDS**

Free electron model - Wave equation in a periodic table and block theorem - Kronig-Penney theory - Acceleration of electron in the periodic lattice and effective mass of the electron - Free electron approximation - Tight binding approximation - Brillouin zones - Construction of fermi surfaces - Experimental methods in fermi surface studies.

# **UNIT- 11: SEMICONDUCTORS**

Intrinsic Semiconductor - Carrier Concentration in Intrinsic Semiconductor - Calculation of density of holes and electrons - Fermi level and its variation with temperatures - Mobility and conductivity - Determination of band gap - Extrinsic Semiconductor - Expression for carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductors - Variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration - Hall effect - Determination of Hall coefficient.

## **UNIT-111: SUPERCONDUCTORS**

Superconductivity phenomena - Thermodynamics of superconductivity transition - London equations - Type I and Type II superconductors - BCS theory - Josephson's tunneling - DC and AC Josephson's Effect - New superconductors - Applications - High temperature superconductors - SQUIDS.

#### **UNIT - IV: NANOMATERIALS AND CHARACTERISATION**

Classification of Nanostructured materials - Quantum well, quantum wires and quantum dots - Lithography - (Photoresist spinner, positive and negative photoresists) - Fabrication methods - Top down process - Bottom up approach - Plasma assisted deposition process - Deposition by epitaxy - Liquid phase methods - Techniques for synthesis of nanophase materials - Mechanical alloying - Inert gas condensation - Sol-gel techniques - Properties of nanomaterials - Methods for templating the growth of nanomaterials - Ordering of nanosystems.

# **UNIT - V : NANODEVICES AND THEIR APPLICATIONS**

Energies associated with ferromagnetic material - Effect of physical dimensions on magnetic properties of materials - Nanomagnetic materials - Geometric Nanomagnets - Layered Nanomagnets - Carbon nanotubes - Organic field effect transistor (OFET) - Organic light emitting diode (OLED) - Organic photovoltaic - Bilayer organic solar cell using CuPc and PTC - Injection laser - Quantum well lasers - Quantum cascade laser - Single electron tunneling and coulomb blockade behavior - Optical memories - Quantum dot laser.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

<ol> <li>Author : B.S. Saxena, R.C. Gupta &amp; P.N. Saxena Book Name: Fundamentals of Solid state Physics Publication: Pragathi Prakashan Year: 2003, Edition:13<sup>th</sup></li> </ol>		Author : Dr. S. Jayakumar Book Name: Materials Science Publication: R.K. Publishers Year: 2008
BOOK	UNIT	CHAPTER
1 2	I,II.III IV,V	9,10,11 4,5,6

# **REFERENCE BOOK:**

- Author : S. L. Gupta and V.Kumar Book Name: Solid state Physics Publication: Nath &Co,Meerut Year: 1983- 84, Edition: 4<sup>th</sup>
- Author : S. O Pillai Book Name: Solid State Physics Publication : New age international Year: 1997. Edition: 4<sup>th</sup>

Programme : M.Sc Physics

Core : 11 NUCLEAR PHYSICS Year : II Hours/Week : 5 Objectives: Subject Code: 15PPH4C11

Semester : IV Credits : 4

Enable to gain adequate knowledge about the nuclear structure, different nuclear models, radio activity, elementary particles and its interactions.

# **UNIT - I : NUCLEAR DISINTEGRATION STUDIES**

Alpha Decay: Properties of alpha particles – Velocity and energy of alpha particles - Geiger-Nuttal law – Gamow's theory of alpha decay.

**Beta Decay:** Properties and beta particles - Fermi's theory of beta decay – Kurie plot - Forms of interaction and selection rules – Electron capture.

**Gamma Transitions:** Absorption of gamma rays by matter – Interaction of gamma rays with matter – Measurement of gamma rays energies – Dumond bent crystal spectrometer - Internal conversion.

# **UNIT - II : ELEMENTS OF NUCLEAR STRUCTURE**

Theories of nuclear composition (Proton- electron theory, proton neutron theory) – Mass spectroscopy – Bainbridge and Jordan mass spectrograph – Nier's mass spectrometer– Deuteron - Magnetic and quadra pole moment of deuteron – Ground state of deuteron – Excited state of deuteron – Meson theory of nuclear forces - Yukawa potential.

# **UNIT - III : NUCLEAR MODELS**

Liquid drop model - Semi-empirical mass formula – merits and demerits – Shell model – Basic assumption of shell model – Square well potential – The harmonic oscillator - Magic numbers – spin orbit coupling – prediction of the shell model – merits and demerits – Fermi gas model – collective model.

# **UNIT - IV: NUCLEAR REACTION STUDIES**

Types of Nuclear reaction – Conservation laws for nuclear reactions – Kinematics of Nuclear reactions – Exothermic and endothermic reactions – threshold energy – compound nucleus – Nuclear fission – Energy released in fission – Nuclear fusion – Hydrogen burning and solar energy.

# **UNIT - V : ELEMENTARY PARTICLES**

Classification of elementary particles – Fundamental interactions – Electromagnetic, strong, weak and gravitational interactions – Quantum numbers - – Conservation laws – The CPT Theorem - Particle symmetries – SU (2) Symmetry - SU (3) symmetry – Quarks theory.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

 Author : Pandiya and Yadav , 2 Gupta Book Name: Elements of Nuclear Physics Physics Publication: Kedar Nath , Ram Nath, New Delhi Meerut Year: 1997 Edition:7<sup>th</sup>

2. Author: V.K. Mittal, R.C. Verma and S.C.

Book: Introduction to Nuclear and Particle Publication:PHI Learning Prt.Ltd.,

Edition:2011,2nd

- **REFERENCE BOOKS:**
- Author : D. C. Tayal, Book Name: Nuclear Physics Publication: Himalaya Publishing, Year: 2003, Edition: 9<sup>th</sup>
- Author : B L Cohen Book Name: Concept of Nuclear Physics Publication: Tata McGraw - Hill, Publisher, New Delhi, Year: 1989

Programme : M.Sc Physics Core : 12 : SPECTROSCOPY Subject Code: 14PPH4C12

Year : II Hours/Week : 5 Semester : IV Credits : 4

# **Objectives:**

The aim of this paper is to give an in-depth knowledge on microwave and Atomic spectroscopy, IR spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy, Electronic spectra, Fluorescence, Phosphorescence, NMR, ESR, NQR, Mossbauer spectroscopy and methods involved to record the spectra.

# UNIT - I : ATOMIC AND MICROWAVE SPECTROSCOPY

Spectra of the alkali metal vapours - Normal Zeeman effect - Anomalous Zeeman effect – Lande's 'g' formula - Paschen back effect - Stark effect - Linear molecules - Spherical top molecules - Symmetric top molecules - Study of hindered internal rotation and inversions (elementary ideas only).

# UNIT - II : IR AND RAMAN SPECTROSCOPY

Radiation sources - Pure rotational spectra of gaseous diatomic molecules - Molecular vibration - IR rotation vibration spectra of gaseous diatomic molecules - Classical theory of the Raman effect and the selection rule for Raman scattering - Quantum theory of the Raman effect - Pure rotational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules - Raman vibration studies of diatomic molecules.

# UNIT - III : UV AND ELECTRONIC SPECTROSCOPY

Born-oppenheimer approximation – vibrational coarse structure:progressions – Deslanders table formation – Intensity of vibrational electronic spectra:The Franck-Condon principle – Molecular orbital theory – chemical analysis by electronic spectroscopy – Effect of solvents of electronic spectra Electronic spectra of transition metal complexes: Selection rules only – Jablonski diagram – Resonance fluorescence – normal florescence – Ultraviolet photo electron spectroscopy.

# UNIT – IV: NMR AND NQR SPECTROSCOPY

NMR Quantum mechanical description - Classical description - Bloch equations - Relaxation process - Mechanisms of spin lattice relaxation – chemical shift - Mechanisms of spin-spin relaxation - Experimental technique: The spectrometer: Basic requirements only – Fourier transform spectrometer.

NQR:Fundamental requirements - General principles - Integral spins –Experimental detection of NQR frequencies – the Super regenerative oscillator - Continuous wave oscillator – Chemical application (main uses only).

# UNIT – V: ESR AND MOSSBAUER SPECTROSCOPY

The ESR experiment - Thermal equilibrium and relaxation - ESR spectrometer - Reflection cavity and microwave bridge - Magnetic field modulation - Characteristics of the g-factor - Hyper fine structure - Energy levels for a radical with S=1/2 and I=1/2 - Mossbauer effect – Recoilness emission and absorption - Mossbauer spectrum - Experimental methods – Chemical isomer shift.

# **TEXT BOOK:**

- Author : B.P.Straughan and S.Walker Book Name: Spectroscopy: Volume (I, II & III) Publication: John wiley and sons, New York Year: 1976 Edition:
- 2. Author : C.N. Banwell Book Name: Fundamental of Molecular Spectroscopy Publication:McGraw Hill Edu.Pvt.Ltd., Edition Year: 2013

Programme: M.Sc MathematicsCourse Title: Elective (IDE): RELATIVITY, WAVE MECHANICSYear: IIHours/Week: 5

Subject Code: 13PMA3EL3

Semester : III Credits : 4

# **Objectives:**

To gain rich knowledge in the field of relativistic mechanics, wave mechanics and understand the Quantum Mechanical applications.

# **UNIT - I : RELATIVISTIC MECHANICS**

Einstein's mass-energy relation - Relation between momentum and energy - Four vectors - Four velocity - Energy - Momentum four vectors - Four force - Relativistic classification of particles - Relativistic Lagrangian, Hamiltonian function - Relativistic Lagrangian and Hamiltonian of a charged particle in an EM field.

# UNIT - II : ORIGIN OF WAVE MECHANICS

Failure of classical mechanics - De Broglie's Theory - Davisson and Germer experiment - G.P Thomson experiment - Uncertainity principle - Illustration of Heisenberg's uncertainity principle - Electron microscope - Advantages over ordinary optical microscope - Applications.

# **UNIT - III : FORMALISM OF WAVE MECHANICS**

Postulates of Quantum Mechanics - Equation of motion of matter waves - Time Independent Schrödinger equation - Schrödinger equation for a free particle - Time Dependent Schrödinger's Equation - Physical Interpretation of the Wave Function - Normalized and orthogonal wave functions - Solution of the Schrödinger Equation - Values of dynamical quantities - Probability current density - Particle flux - Ehrenfest theorem - Eigen value and Eigen function.

# UNIT - IV : SIMPLE APPLICATIONS: (1D PROBLEMS)

Solution of Schrödinger's equation for a particle in a box - Linear harmonic oscillator - One dimensional square well potential - Step potential - Rigid rotator.

Operators - Operator formalism in Quantum Mechanics - Dynamical variables as operators - Hamiltonian operator - Commutation relation between position and momentum - Commutation rules for the components of orbital angular momentum - Ladder operators.

# **UNIT - V : PERTURBATION THEORY**

First order Time independent perturbation theory - Perturbed harmonic oscillator - Zeeman effect (without electron spin) - First order Stark effect in hydrogen atom - Helium atom.

# **BOOKS FOR STUDY:**

1.	Quantum mechanics	by	Satya prakash and C.K. Singh
2.	Modern physics	by	Murugesan. R, S. Chand & Company, 1995, 5th edition
3.	Relativistic Mechanics	by	Satya prakash, Pragati Prakashan, 5th edition

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: GENERAL EXPERIMENTSCore Practical: IYear: IHours/Week: 3

Subject Code: 14PPH2CP1

Semester : II Credits : 3

# Any TWELVE of the following Experiments:

- 1. Young's modulus Cornu's method Elliptical fringes
- 2. Polarizability of liquids Spectrometer
- 3. Compressibility of liquids Ultrasonic diffraction
- 4. Michelson's interferometer
- 5. Fabry Perot interferometer
- 6. Planck's constant Photoelectric emission
- 7. Thermistor- Temp. coefficient of resistance and band gap energy
- 8. Stefan's constant Vacuum Diode/Stefan's apparatus
- 9. Thermal conductivity Forbe's method
- 10. e/m- Thomson's method
- 11. e/m Helical method
- 12. e/m Magnetron method
- 13. Electronic charge Millikan's oil drop method
- 14. Rydberg's constant Hydrogen spectrum
- 15. Boltzmann's constant Boltzmann's apparatus
- 16. Hysteresis curve of Ferromagnetic materials CRO method

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: ELECTRONICSCore Practical: IIYear: IHours/Week: 3

Subject Code: 14PPH2CP2

Semester : II Credits : 3

## Any TWELVE of the following Experiments:

- 1. IC regulated power supply 5, 9, 12 0 12 V, 1 amp
- 2. FET Characteristics
- 3. UJT Characteristics
- 4. SCR Characteristics
- 5. MOSFET Characteristics
- 6. DIAC Characteristics
- 7. TRIAC Characteristics
- 8. Photo Diode and Photo Transistor
- 9. UJT relaxation oscillator
- 10. Astable multivibrator 555 IC
- 11. Phase shift oscillator 741 IC
- 12. Wien bridge oscillator 741 IC
- 13. Wave form generators 741 IC (Sine, Square and Triangular)
- 14. Band gap energy and Carrier concentration Ge Four Probe method
- 15. Half adder, Full adder and 4 Bit binary adder
- 16. Half subtractor, Full subtractor and 4 Bit binary subtractor

Programme : M.Sc Physics Course Title : **SIMULATION IN PHYSICS - C++ PROGRAMMING** Elective Practical : I Year : I Hours/Week : 4 Subject Code: 14PPH2EP1

Semester : II Credits : 4

## Any Fifteen of the following Experiments:

- 1. Moment of inertia of Circular disc and Solid sphere.
- 2. Moment of inertia of Spherical sphere and Solid cylinder.
- 3. Temperature conversion from F to C and C to F.
- 4. Plank's law of radiation Determination of energy density.
- 5. Resolving and dispersive power of grating
- 6. Solar spectrum- Determination of photon energy.
- 7. Rayleigh Jean's Law Determination of energy density
- 8. SCR power control Determination of power output.
- 9. AND, OR and NOT gates.
- 10. NAND and NOR gates.
- 11. Radioactive decay of the element
- 12. Mosley's law- Determination of frequency and wavelength
- 13. Radius, orbital wavelength and energy levels of atoms Bohr model.
- 14. Lyman, Balmer and Paschen series Wave number.
- 15. Brackett and Pfund series Wave number.
- 16. Determination of the diameter of molecules.
- 17. Determination of Molecular weight of compounds.
- 18. Band gap energy of thin films.
- 19. Solution of differential equation by Runge Kutta method.
- 20. Integration by Simpsons 1/3 rule.

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: ADVANCED EXPERIMENTSCore Practical: IIIYear: IIHours/Week: 3

Subject Code: 16PPH4CP3

Semester : IV Credits : 3

## Any Fifteen of the following Experiments:

- 1. Determination of Dipole moment of liquids and solids.
- 2. Susceptibility of liquids Quincke's method.
- 3. Susceptibility of liquids Gouy's method.
- 4. Geiger Muller counter Characteristics of GM tube and absorption coefficient of Aluminium-Beta & Gamma rays.
- 5. Determination of Band gap energy of Laser materials Michelson interferometer.
- 6. Study of Hall Effect in semiconductors.
- 7. Deposition and study of conductivity and activation energy of spray pyrolysis coated Cadmium Oxide films.
- 8. Synthesis and study of conductivity of electro- deposited conducting polymers.
- 9. X ray powder photograph Debye Scherrer formula.
- 10. Deposition and Study of conductivity and activation energy of spray pyrolysis coated SnO<sub>2</sub> films.
- 11. Study of transmission of light through optic fiber Numerical Aperture and Bending loss.
- 12. Elastic constants in solids ultrasonic method.
- 13. Ferroelectric materials Curie Temperature.
- 14. Study of Zeeman Effect.
- 15. Laser- Determination of refractive index of given liquids.
- 16. Arc spectrum-Iron.
- 17. Arc spectrum-Copper.
- 18. Absorption spectrum-Iodine.
- 19. Band spectrum-Aluminium oxide.
- 20. Deposition of Black Cobalt selective surface by spray pyrolysis method and deposition of Carbon by Direct method-Temperature measurements.

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsCourse Title: SPECIAL ELECTRONICSCore Practical: IVYear: IIHours/Week: 3

Subject Code: 14PPH4CP4

Semester : IV Credits : 3

## Any Fifteen of the following Experiments:

- 1. Gray code converter.
- 2. A/D Converter using 741 IC.
- 3. Flip flops- RS, JK and MS.
- 4. Wave form generator -8038.
- 5. D/A Converter using 741 IC.
- 6. Study of Multiplexers and Demultiplexers.
- 7. Decade counter.
- 8. Digital timers and Frequency Dividers.
- 9. Counters-MOD-2 to MOD-10.
- 10. Microprocessor Musical Tone generator.
- 11. Microprocessor Seven segment Running display.
- 12. Microprocessor Stepper motor controller
- 13. Microprocessor Traffic light interface.
- 14. Microprocessor A/D and D/A converters.
- 15. C++ Program Evaluating polynomial by Lagrange's interpolation method.
- 16. C++ Program Computing area under a curve.
- 17. C++ Program Evaluating Sine, Cosine and Exponential series.
- 18. C++ Program Solving differential equation by Runge Kutta method.
- 19. C++ Program Evaluating integral by Simpson's 1/3 rule .
- 20. C++ Program-. Roots of the equation by Newton- Raphson method.

Programme: M.Sc PhysicsSubject Code: 14PPH4EP2Course Title: SIMULATION IN PHYSICS THROUGH MATLAB PROGRMMINGElective- Practical : IIYear: IIYear: IIHours/Week: 4Credits: 4

## Any Fifteen of the following Experiments

- 1. Projectile on a horizontal surface (g).
- 2. Moment of inertia of circular disc, Solid sphere, Spherical sphere and Solid cylinder.
- 3. Simple harmonic motion- Lissajous Figures (g).
- 4. Temperature conversion from F to C and C to F (g).
- 5. Plank's law of radiation and Rayleigh Jeans law- Verification (g).
- 6. Resolving and dispersive powers of grating.
- 7. Solar spectrum- Determination of photon energy.
- 8. Determination of currents through resistors- Maxwell's mesh method.
- 9. SCR power control (g).
- 10. 8421 code conversion and AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, gates.
- 11. Radioactive decay (g).
- 12. Mosley's law- Verification (g).
- 13. Radius, orbital wavelength and energy levels of atoms- Bhor model.
- 14. Lyman, Balmer, Paschen, Brackett and Pfund series- Wave number.
- 15. Determination of the diameters of molecules.
- 16. Molecular weight of compounds.
- 17. Particle in a box and Hydrogen atom wave function probability (g).
- 18. Band gap energy of thin films.
- 19. Solution of differential equation by Runge- Kutta method.
- 20. Integration by Simpsons 1/3 rule.

Note : (g) refers Graphical output.